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B. Tzschuck, secretary of The Beeng Company, being duly sworn, at the actual number of full and copies of The Daily, Morning. 20.250 1829,000 20......30,070 ..30.450 29,850 .29,920 20,850 ...29,500 20,625 30,780 .. 27,850 927,260

Subscribed in my presence and sworn to efore me this let day of August, A. D. 1904. (Seal) M. B. HUNGATE, Notary Public. If Konropatkin is to be the McClellan of Russin it is almost time for the Grant to arrive.

GEORGE B. TZSCHUCK

Net total sales

917.007

The home coming of public school teachers will infuse new life into the juvenile rifle range.

The business situation is not affected half as much by the presidential campaign as it is by labor troubles.

Omnha can thank Barney Oldfield for waiting till he reached St. Louis before bringing off fatal accidents while breaking automobile records.

David Bennett Hill insists he is to refor the Parker campaign.

Republicans of this district should nominate a candidate for congress who can command the united support of the party. In this lies success. CANCEL PROPERTY.

Will Gurley is nominated the Second district will have two congressmen-John N. Baldwin and Tom Blackburn.

The New York newspaper which confused' "Farmer" Wade of Missouri, a republican, and Judge Wade, of Iowa, a democrat, will have to make two apolo-

Douglas county democrats made their legislative nominations about six weeks gress he said: "Probably no other great ago, but today no one can tell who is ning on the democratic legislative

It was in the eternal fitness of things that the man who defeated Jerry Simpson for the democratic pomination for delegate from New Mexico should be named Money.

Democrats who have declared the tariff to be an issue in the present cam- of the American people." In the mespaigh would make a more energetic fight were they not afraid the people might take them at their word.

Many people would like to know what has become of that paving plant, and a ized nations. good many other people would like to know what has become of the ordinance f.r a municipal electric lighting plant.

Another American school has been burned at Erezoum, Turkey. If this or conflict with foreign nations than is thing continues the American minister the president. "His impulsiveness of will find one of the principal items for which he is contending gone up in

The Denver election fraud cases have all, for various reasons, been stricken from the docket of the courts, and still there are people who wonder why the ordinary citizens of that state do not have greater respect for the law.

With Secretary Taft, Senator Fairbanks and other high dignitaries orating in Vermont, where there can be no question of the result, one must wonder at probable extent of the oratory in ation for states which may be ered doubtful.

Milwaukee would resent any attempt on the part of an Omaha school superintendent to interfere with its local politics and Omaha should resent the attempt of the superintendent of the Milwankee schools to manipulate primary elections in Omaha.

Germany is the only country in a position to rejoice with either side in the present war. If Russia wins it will feel d over the good fortune of its neighbor and if Japan wins it will be a mon military system.

Like the razor-backed raffroad pig that scoots from under the cars while ther are in motion, the Water board the eyes of the public, who, however, are rapidly getting on to him.

THE WAR IN THE ORIENT. operations, and the commencement of the long looked for engagement near Lino Yang.

The naval warfare is over for the They are not afraid to assert their rights present for obvious reasons. Russia has and to maintain them. But no other It is suspected that the rest is welcome to Japan so that much needed repairs earnestly desires the maintenance of may be executed. The navy has had no peace than Theodore Roosevelt. rest for repairs since the war began.

The operations at Port Arthur have changed in character. The advantages won by Japan at Port Arthur have been gained mainly by artillery work, and the terrible sacrifices of life in the assaults have been all but fruitless. The ground gained has in no wise compensated for the losses in men. The Russians have been pounded, the town practically destroyed, they are without hope of relief, and both ammunition and provisions are reported as being low. It is therefore reasonable to expect that ordinary slege operations may accomplish the end desired by Japan, with little loss of life until the final charge.

That long looked for general engagenent at Liao Yang appears to have begun. Japanese forces have been quietly enveloping Kouropatkin on the east, south and west. Kouropatkin has shown himself a master of the game of patience. He has kept the enemy on the move, inflicted a good deal of damage on Kuroki's force, avoided any great battle, and all in the hope that reinforcements and fresh supplies might come in time to make the struggle more equal. He has been nursing his army until such time as it seemed good to strike. Kouropatkin's policy has been almost identical with that of Admiral Togo at sen, and he deserves great credit for his "masterly inactivity" that seems to have been really part of a well planned game. The Japanese have now grasped the necessity of striking one quick, decisive blow before Russian re inforcements turn the scale, and in spite of the fact that the enveloping movement is incomplete on the west, the Japs have begun an attack all along the line. The position of the Russians is quite favorable. They have had time to and the citizens of Omaha turn down th build formidable defensive works and arrange for all details of the inevitable conflict. Moreover, the advantage always lies with the defenders, and they have Kouropatkin himself as their guid-

ing hand. It remains to be seen yet whether the skill, daring and science of the Japanese can defeat the Russian endurance and patience, or if the Japanese will simply wear themselves out. It is to be noted tire from politics. This is self-evident if that Kouropatkin must win this great democrats are to hold him responsible battle or retreat rapidly to the northward-to Harbin-and in that event all the immense mass of stores and supplies people of Omaha immediate relief. To at Liao Yang will fall into the hands of the Japanese. Whichever way it reclously cited the city attorney as an adsults, and the numerical odds are with Japan, there can be no doubt that it ood many people believe that if will bring much nearer the end of the

in mid air: A BASELESS CHARGE. City Attorney: Dear Sir-Will you favor The democrats quote from speeches of President Roosevelt, in which he extols ing questions? manliness in a people, as evidence that

of action that makes it as certain as it

ter opportunities than any other mem-

ber of the cabinet to learn the disposi-

tion of Mr. Roosevelt in regard to our

foreign relations, has borne testimony

to the care and caution and conserv-

atism with which the president consid-

ers every question arising and his solici-

tude at all times for an amicable settle-

In the nearly three years since Theo-

dore Roosevelt became president there

has not been a single manifestation on

his part to warrant the democratic

charge that he favors a policy of mili-

tarism. He has shown a firm purpose

to protect American rights and interests

by all citizens who desire that the coun

fault with the ordering of warships to

Tangler to secure the release of an

vince the sultan that the United States

was in earnest in the just demands it had

government to the promise it had given?

ment of disputes.

1. Do you believe that an ordinance re ducing the rates charged by the Omaha he is in favor of a policy of militarism and adventure. The charge that the Water Works company to the city, or to consumers, could be used as a basis for president is a man of warlike disposithe reduction of the valuation of the tion and tendencies is utterly baseless. Omaha water works by the three expert In a message to the fifty-seventh conngineers who have been appointed to make the appraisement under the contract made nation in the world is so anxious for by the city of Omaha with the water company? peace as we are. There is not a single 2. Would you advise the mayor and coun civilized power which has anything cil of Omaha to take any action at this whatever to fear from aggressiveness time to reduce the water rates, and, if so, do you believe that such action would exon our part. All we want is peace and pedite the appraisement and acquisition of toward this end we wish to be able to

secure the same respect for our rights lower rates for water consumers even temfrom others which we are eager and porarily? Yours very truly, auxious to extend to their rights in re-OMAHA, Aug. 29, 1904.-Hon. Edward turn, to insure fair treatment to us com-Rosewater: Dear Sir-Replying to your remercially and to guarantee the safety quest for a statement as to the advisability of an ordinance regulating the rates sage to the second session of the same of the water company, I beg leave to say: congress the president said that wher-1. That I do not believe that the reduc ing of the rates of the water company ever possible arbitration or some similar

could be used by the appraisers as the method should be employed in lieu of basis of the valuation of the plant. The war to settle difficulties between civil- supreme court of the United States has said that rates reduced for that purpose could not be effective. Secretary Taft, in a speech at Montpeller. Vt., last week, referring to the democratic attack upon Mr. Roosevelt,

2. I do not believe any reduction of the rates would expedite the appraisement or acquisition of the water works. said that no man ever sat in the presiand reduced rates could not become effective in time to give any relief to the city. dential chair more anxious to avoid war Yours very truly, C. C. WRIGHT. City Attorney.

manner," said the secretary of war, AMERICA THE REAL GAINER. An article in a Vienna publication ex-"and his quickness of thought and presses the opinion that no matter which speech coexist with a real conservatism power is the ultimate victor in the fareastern war the United States will be was under Mr. McKinley that no policy will be followed needlessly exposing the the real gainer. The writer states that interests of the country to the peril of a group of American financiers have war." Secretary Hay, who has had betbeen trying for several years to acquire a commercial monopoly in Japan, proposing to place large sums of money in that country in order to obtain this. Before the war their proposals were unacceptable, but it is thought that whatever the outcome of the conflict Japan will not be in a position to rid herself of her American financial friends afterward. The author of the article declares that "fifty millions of yellow men and women will be at the mercy of those cold-blooded Yankees," and he points to the advantageous position of this country in its insular possessions, which advantage will be greatly increased when the Panama canal is comand for this he should be commended pleted. "At that moment," he says, "the

United States becomes the commercial try shall be respected. Who will find dictator of the whole east." There is no doubt that after the war Japan will need outside capital for the American citizen captured by bandits development of her industries and trade and held for ransom, or the sending of and American financiers will probably demonstration of the wisdom of the Ger. a squadron into Turkish waters to con- be willing to supply a considerable share of it if they can do so on favorable conditions, but there is no likelihood of made and proposed to hold the Turkish Americans securing a commercial monopoly in Japan, since they will have Would any democrat worthy to be at sharp competition from other countries mariner dodges every pertinent question | the head of this great nation have done | for whatever trade opportunities may be puf to him and keeps throwing dust in otherwise in these cases? They could not offered there. There are some good reahave been ignored without this country sons for thinking that this country should losing in the respect of other nations. A bave a larger share than any other in and great a statesman has misled us

good deal has been said in regard to the commercial future of Japan, but it The latest stage of the war is marked Mr. Roosevelt's admonition to the coun- is an absurdly extravagant notion that by three things, paval inactivity, the tries south of us respecting their inter- the people of that land will ever be at practical abandonment of assaults on national duties and obligations, but the mercy of the "cold-blooded Yankees." Port Arthur in favor of regular siege there was no menace in this to those The Japanese have demonstrated their countries and none of them so regard it. capacity for taking very good care of The American people, as the president their interests in peace as well as in has said, are not cowards or weaklings. | war.

AN IMPUDENT HUMBUG NAILED.

he was asked to answer these three

1. Do you believe that the conditions

made in conformity with the Howell-

Gilbert law and the provisions of the orig-

inal contract between the city and the

do you believe that the company has

right to back out if the appraisement is

back out if the appraisement is too high!

Omaha water works at \$3,000,000, and you

insist that they can be duplicated for that

mount. Now, suppose the three engineer

appraisers place the value of these works

at \$5,000,000, \$5,500,000 or \$6,000,000, what do

you propose the city shall do? Will you

gage itself for the amount fixed by the

appraisers, even it it is \$3,000,000 higher

3. If the upset price fixed by the ap

praisers shall be from \$2,500,000 to \$3,000,000

more than your estimate of the works

proposition, what course would you ad

vise the city to pursue should the water

company invoke the power of the federa

court to enforce Its contract and the ap

praisement made under it and get a judg

ment against the city for the full amoun

with interest in the United States court?

These questions were pertinent be-

cause they strike the pith of the water

them Howell retorts with abuse and a

repetition of the falsehood that the ed-

itor of The Bee is opposed to a reduc-

tion of water rates and that he, to-

responsible for the failure to give the

bolster up his imposture he has auda

ng squarely and leaves him dangling

OMAHA, Aug. 29, 1904.-Hon. C. C. Wright

me with a written response to the follow

the works by the city, or would insure

E. ROSEWATER.

han your estimate?

that the city of Omaha shall mort

questions without evasion:

Although the national campaign this no fighting fleet in eastern waters, and people are more anxious for peace and year does not promise to be very exciting, the Douglas County Central Rooseamong them there is none who more velt and Fairbanks club should by all means place itself in position to make a creditable demonstration whenever a national republican leader is billed for In the discussion of the water works a speech in Omaha. This can be done problem The Bee pronounced the resolu- most effectively by uniformed marching tions of the Water board requesting the clubs. Commonly, such organizations mayor and council to reduce the water dissolve after the campaign in which rates to private consumers by ordinance they first made their appearance, but as a piece of grandstand play and arrant in some cities political marching clubs demagogy on the part of R. B. Howell have had a continuous existence. Mr. Howell immediately repelled the in- Springfield (Mass.) has a marching club sinuation of bad faith and claimed that which was first organized in 1876 and his action was inspired by the sole de- has participated in every presidential sire to reduce the valuation of the water campaign during the last quarter of a works by the appraisers and relieve the century. It gains new members in each water consumers of Omaha from ex- campaign, while retaining many of the cessive water rates. In the contention old ones. In 1900 Roosevelt's candidacy that followed Howell has asserted re- for vice president resulted in the formapeatedly that he was supported in his tion of many Rough Rider clubs. Two efforts by the city attorney and has la- such clubs were organized in Omaha bored to create the impression that The and South Omaha. These should be re-Bee's antagonism was inspired by mall- vived during the present campaign.

> clous and mercenary motives. To pin The junior yellow has issued a pope's him down and make him show his colors bull against the comet by addressing bombastic pronunciamento to the water works appraisers commanding them to complete the work of appraisement inunder which the appraisement is being stanter or have their heads chopped off. Inasmuch as these appraisers are responsible to nobody and cannot be water company are binding upon the city and binding upon the company? If not, called to account by anybody, the threat to decapitate will have no terrors for them. But it serves the purpose of too low, or that the city has a right to Omaha's water-logged statesman and 2. You have estimated the value of the the political pollywogs who are making place than simply "The Presidio." a great splurge in shallow water.

The czar has called a meeting of the Diet of Finland and at the same time kindly relieved much cause for anxiety by telling the members what subjects they will be permitted to discuss. The power of the czar in such matters is almost as great as that of the committee on rules in our American house of representatives.

Honest Corporations Not Fearful.

Boston Transcript The great corporations of the country have learned a lesson from the administration of President Roosevelt. They have come to understand that, aggressive as he may be, he has no wish to interfere with the legal and proper conduct of business, From his election the combinations of works problem. Instead of answering capital which are willing to obey the laws have nothing to fear. They have learned. also, that the people of the country have confidence in the president and the policy. and that it is as unwise for the corpora tions to run amuck as it would be for the gether with the mayor and council, are administration to do the same thing.

Coddling Pop Votes. Cincinnati Enquirer (Dem.) Let us hope that it did not cost Colone Bryan a single night's sleep, but the demviser of the course he is pursuing. The in refusing to allew the populists to make following correspondence nails the hum- an electoral ticket for them. The demohavior of the republican management for the past several years. Third-party people have been permitted to vote the republican ticket if they wanted to, and some of them may have been even hired to do so; but they have not been allowed to ride horseback in the republican camp. It is wis dom to consider what is lost in the old "rank and file" by going out into the byways and market places trumpeting for

stray and crank votes. Justifiable Optimism. United States Investor Contrary to what one might naturally expect from the gloomy reports telegraphed east by crop experts, the west is by no means pessimistic on the situation. It is admitted that the spring wheat crop has been damaged seriously in some sections, but the outlook for the normal yield is good. All the ratiroads report a steady increase in the movement of merchandise from the interior, which certainly does no reflect a very alarmed feeling among the farmers. All classes of competent observers, from bankers to railroad officials, believe that the season is far enough advanced to warrant the assertion that the country will raise enough grain to make business active and rairoad earnings large, So certain are the bankers that the crops will be of a satisfactory size that they express the belief that more money than usual will be necessary for moving the harvests. Already at the large money centers rates for funds are showing signs of stiffening and the indications favor as

early demand upon New York. How to Be Happy

Many of us miss the joys that might be ours by keeping our eyes fixed on those of other people. No one can enjoy his own opportunities for happiness while he is envious of another's. We lose a great deal of the joy of living by not cheerfully accepting the small pleasures that come to us every day, instead of longing and wish ing for what belongs to others. We do not take any pleasure in our own modest horse and carriage, because we long for the automobile or victoria that someone elac owns. The edge is taken off the enjoyment of our own little home because we ar watching the palatial residence of our neighbor. We can get no satisfaction out of a trolley ride into the country or a sai on a river steamer, because someone else can enjoy the luxury of his own carriage or yacht. Life has its full measure of happiness for every one of us, if we would only make up our minds to make the very most of every opportunity that comes our way, instead of longing for the things that come our neighbor's way

That New Money Peril. Chicago Post.

Former Comrade Watson, who has been writing one of those letters of acceptance so popular this summer, gives us some thing new to think about when he tells us that the country today is in the utmost peril from the money question. The money question always has been and always wil be of considerable importance with a large number of self-suporting citizens, but we hope that the national peril is not quite so imminent as Mr. Watson believes. have managed to survive the peril for cight years, and Judge Parker assures us that the solicitude which he shared for two campaigns has measurably vanished and that he is now able to sleep at night without seeing red lights and goldbugs flashing about his bed. Mr. Watson is a gentle man of very earnest convictions and believes every word he says, and our only hope is that he is mistaken in his anxiety Having followed our beloved Bryan into new and unacustomed pastures this year, It is very annoying to suspect that so wise

ARMY GOSSIP IN WASHINGTON.

Current Events Gleaned from the Army and Navy Register. general order will appear next week from the War department giving a list of officers of the army who are authorized to order envelopes directly from the contracyear.

tors and to make payment under the terms of the contract made by the postmaster general for supplying the several executive departments of the government with en velopes during the year beginning July 1 1904. The officers who are authorized make these purchases are the depot quartermation at New York, the purchasing ommissaries at St. Louis, New York, St Paul, Boston, Omaha, Denver, Chicago Kansas City, Vancouver Barracks, San Antonio, San Francisco and New Orleans; the medical officer in charge of the supply depot in New York, all disbursing officers of the corps of engineers and the disbursing officer of the signal corps at the War de-

Major John Biddle Porter, acting judge advocate general of the army, has rendered an opinion to the effect that a lieutenant colonel commanding a territorial department may not convene a general court martial, and that if he does convene such a court those brought to trial must be considered as mistried. Such a condition is held to subject the accused to another trial for the same offense by a competent court, such second trial not being a viola tion of the 102d article of war. The ques tion arose in regard to the application of the seventy-second article of war to the lieutenant colonel in temporary command of the department of Texas, that officer having referred the question to the War de-

Historical considerations, rather than any convenience of nomenclature, have resulted in a general order from the War depart ment changing the name of Ord Barracks in California to the Presidio of Monterey. thus restoring the old time Spanish designa tion of that locality. There are bound to be critics of the changs, notwithstanding the strict obedience rendered to sentiment and history. It will deprive the Presidio of San Francisco of its distinction of designstion and will render necessary something more specific hereafter in referring to that

General Frederick Funston, U. S. A., he

of the Department of the Lakes. orders which originally transferred to Governor's island were changed in favor of General F. D. Grant for that duty as the successor of General H. C. Corbin in command of the Atlantic division and the Department of the East and General Funston was assigned to duty in Chicago. He was at the same time advised that he might choose between the post and his present one in command of the Department of the Columbia with headquarters at Vancouver Barracks. General Funston would have preferred to remain at Vancouver but he found that the officer who had been assigned to succeed him there. Gen-Constant Williams, had already shipped his household effects to Vancouver. General Funston accordingly informed the War department this week that he would ask for no change in the orders, which now stand with the effect of assigning General Grant to Governor's island, Gen eral Funston to Chicago and General Williams to Vancouver Barracks.

The new medals of honor authorized during the last session of congress are ready for issue. Those who possess this emblen should send the old medals to the military secretary and receive the new design. The secretary of war will shortly publish a revised list of those who hold the medal of

ROOSEVELT THE AMERICAN.

Man of Action Typical of the Times and the People. Chicago Chronicle

Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, on his re turn lately from Sagamore Hill, said of President Roosevelt: "Republicans through out the country are presenting a solid front for him. He will receive a large personal vote, for he is the kind of man who appeals strongly to every American." Senator Lodge was correct in his refer

ence to the personal vote for President Roosevelt. While there are principles in the republican platform that are more important than the personality of the candi date, the opposition to them is so timid that they do not agitate the public mind as much perhaps as they should. The practical and interesting issue of the campaign is the personality of President Roosevelt. which is so attractive that it is safe to say that his purely personal vote will be much larger than any other president has received for many years.

The president has no political secrets. People are not kept guessing day and night as to what he thinks about great national interests He has nothing up his sleeve. The people suspect and distrust a secretive and cunning candidate, a trimmer, a straddler and a nettifogger. They confide in the man who confides in them and shows them his hand. They do no expect perfection, but they like to know all and then make allowances.

Mr. Roosevelt does not pose as a paragon of wisdom or ability, but he is obviously an honest man, a patriot, an American, de voted to his country and to his official du ties, with well known principles and designs. He is perfectly human, like the rest of us, and perfectly natural, which all are upon the fact that the democrats and popnot. He has lived a great deal out of doors, has breathed a great deal of fresh air and taken a great deal of physical exercise. He has red blood in him. He has a sound mind in a sound body. He is a strenuous character at the senith of his powers. All this is fascinating to an American.

There is nothing so sinful in the eyes of senility and decrepifude as initiative, vigor and nerve. People whose only virtue consists in what they have not done ar alarmed and indignant at a positive character and a man of action. Accordingly the glow worms of politics consider that this Phoebus with his charlot of fire is destined to involve the country in a ruinous onflagration. It is complimentary to any man to be

assailed in this style. It was predicted of John Quincy Adams that if he were elected the following congress would be the last, and a California judge declared his conviction in 1900 that if McKinley were elected he would never permit the democrats to hold another national convention, No candidate for the presidency is safe from such doleful predictions unless, like the sage of Esopus, his character and his principles are a cryptogram.

President Roosevelt's character as a man of action is in almost startling harmony with the present epoch in American history. Every nation, like every human being, has its period of tutelage, then its period of strenuous activity, then its period of quiescence and repose and then its period of decay. The United States, as everyone knows, are now in the growing period. The nation is expanding because it is its nature to do so. Nothing can and nothing should arrest its progress by leaps and bounds toward its manifest destiny. The actonishing thing is that with the hour has come also

the man. President Roosevelt appeals to every American and will poll a tremendous personal vote because he is the man for the PERSONAL NOTES.

The burning of the Standard Oil plant at Antwerp will probably bring the price up several cents a gallon in this country. Historical and other grades of fiction is not the only product of Indiana. Thirtyseven hundred divorces were harvested last

Governor Odell is credited with the desire to make Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia university, the next governor of New York

Chairman C. B. Boothe of Chicago has just issued a call for the twelfth national irrigation congress to be held at El Paso, Texas, November 15 to 18. The International Peace congress meets in Boston in October. It is high time the

Hub celebrated the banishment of phantom fleets and other rude alarms. That was a short but heroic effort of Shanghai to break into the first page again Che Foo shanghaied the international port

as a news scenter moons ago. John Morley said recently that he had known four rigidly righteous men in England. All the English nespapers, in discussing the matter, assume that they are all

Marshall Field of Chicago is the heavier taxpayer in the United States. Forty million dollars is the assessed value of his taxable property, real and personal, in Chicago.

General Stoessel's burst of profanity when invited to surrender Port Arthur may be a military classic, according to Russian tandards. But has the general ever heard Admiral Bob Evans in action?

Another centurian breaks into print with a story telling how to prolong life. It is a waste of valuable space. More accurate information in that line can be found in the advertising pages,

When a girl wills she will. A Pennsylrania belle, feigning suicide, was carted away in an ambulance and at the proper moment stepped out and slipped into the arms of a waiting lover. A convenient minister did the rest.

The pay of General Kouropatkin is said to be 200,000 rubies-\$100,000-a year during the war. When he left for Manchuria the czar made him, it is said, a present of 500,000 rubles (\$250,000). The pay of the Russian in the ranks is almost nothing.

A Colorado judge declares he could not under any circumstance inflict the death penalty on a convicted criminal, even advised the War department that he will though the law so directs. Tim Campbell's proceed to Chicago and assume command famous remark, amended, seems to fit the case-"What's the law between friends?"

A magazine writer avers that although Speaker Cannon's campaign clothes never fit him his wardrobe includes apparel of irreproachable style and cut. Indeed, it is declared that when "Uncle Joe" appears at a swell function "no man's dress coat hangs more smoothly over his shoulders, no man's patent leather shoes glisten more splendidly or are tied with a more graceful silken bow."

Some New York notables, including Sena tor Platt and Governor Odell, were chatting not long ago when the latter told of a visit he had been paying to a prison. He was admitted by a "trusty," who on closing the gate behind him said: "Governor, one good turn deserves another. I let you in; why can't you let me out? Honest, I'm no more deserving of being in here than you are." Senator Pict cackled grimly as he remarked: "No wonder that fellow is a 'trusty.' He's a good judge of men.'

WHAT GAVE US LEADERSHIP.

Results of the Discovery and Development of Iron Ore Deposits. World's Work.

development of the Messabi range of ore form one of the most important industrial facts in the last half cenutry. Since the first shipment from the iron ore production of the United States has increased from 16,000,000 to 35,000,000 tons per annum; the pig iron product from 9,000,000 to 18,000,000; the steel output from a little more than 4,000,000 to 15,000,000; while the iron and steel exports of the United States have grown from about \$25,-000,000 a year to \$120,000,000. During these dozen years we have become the greatest iron and steel producing country. The Mesabi was the greatest single factor in this achievement, and, without the vast resources of the Mesabi the present dominance of the United States in iron and steel would have been delayed perhaps for decades. A sixth of the annual iron ore product of the world-which is more than a third of the yearly production of America comes from an iron range that was unknown in 1890. The Mesabi range on Lake Superior yields ore enough to make as much iron and steel as all Great Britain makes, and its industrial dominancy was founded on iron. During the fifty years ending December 31, 1903, the Marquette range on Lake Superior yielded more ore than any other mines; but the Mesahi range has produced almost as much in twelve years as the Marquette produced in fifty. In the use of steel, the cheap and abundant ores of the Mesabi have produced a revolution. They have enabled the railroads within the last six years to relay with heavy steel rails almost the whole rail mileage of the United States.

A CINCH ON NEBRASKA.

Democrats and Populist Pass the State Up to Roosevelt. Harper's Weekly.

There is no doubt that Mr. Roosevelt will have the electoral vote of Nebraska. The rumor that Mr. W. J. Bryan had sold out to the republicans in that state was based ulists, although they will put forward the same nominees for state offices, have insisted on keeping in the field separate lists for presidential electors, Mr. Bryan's reward was to be so we were told-the election of a fusion legislature, which could be relied upon to send him to the United States senate. Whether the price will be paid is uncertain. Already in several districts the populists and democrats have evinced an unwillingness to unite on car didates for the legislature, while, on the other hand, it is improbable that the republican rank and file will refrain from obtaining the control of their state's lawmaking body, if they can. It is interesting to recall what occurred in Nebraska twelve years ago. Then, too, the democrats and years ago. Then, too, the democrats and "If fire is all that is eating you," populists, though, had they fused, they Baid Maud, "I'll extinguish it p. d. q." were certain to carry the state, put forward distinct lists of presidential electors. The result was that, while Cleveland got 24,943 The hose played on his a-nat-o-mee! votes and Weaver \$3,134. Harrison secured votes and Weaver 55,154. Harrison secured And he jet not up on his flightful spurt 87,213, or a plurality of 4,679. In 1896 the Till out of reach of her cooling squirt.

IT IS A NAITER OF REALTH



to Mr. Bryan, who was supported by both populists and democrats. Four years later, however, Mr. Bryan lost Nebraska by nearly 8,000, but in 1902, the plurality of the spublican governor was considerably less. If Judge Parker ever had a chance of carrying the state, it has been lost by the refusal of the populists and democrats to unite on presidential electors. It is by no means certain, however, that Mr. Bryan can be justly charged with the failure to bring about complete fusion this year in Nebraska. He seems to have tried, honestly and persistently, to persuade each of the two parties to accept a certain proportion of the presidential electors to be named on a fusion ticket, but the project was foiled by Mr. Thomas E. Watson, the populist nominee for the presidency, who is said to have threatened to repudiate the nomination, unless his party presented in Nebraska a separate list of presidential electors. The fact remains that one of the transmississippi states, which it was supposed might possibly be carried, with Mr. Bryan's help, for Judge Parker, must now be definitely renounced. The only states west of the Mississippi which the democrats now seem to have some chance of gaining are Colorado, Montana, Idahu and Nevada.

state gave a plurality of more than 13,000

SMILING REMARKS.

"You can't judge a man by appearances," reflected Uncie Jerry Peebles. "Ine kind-est lather I ever knew was a man that used to run one of these knock-the-bables-down booths."—Chicago Tribune.

"De difference between a no 'count man an' a no 'count mule,' said Uncie Eben, "is dat you kin wallop de mule wirout no-body havin' de law on you."—Washington Star. Kind Woman-If I give you this dime you

von't use it to get drunk again, will you? Tramp-No'm. I couldn't get drunk on a ime.-Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"Yes," said the first actress, "I've got a lovely new play for this season."
"What is it?" asked the other,
"A society drama in four acts and five new gowns."—Philadelphia Ledger,

Sandford—So you're going to get married. Have you considered the cost, my boy?

Merton—Oh, I've got nothing to do with that. Her father pays for everything but the carriages and flowers—Brooklyn Eagle. Mrs. Chugwater—Josiah, here's a word I

never saw before. What does anacreontic mean?

Mr. Chugwater-You don't divide it right. It is an-acre-on-tic and means getting. The economic results of the discovery and It is an acre-on-tic and means getting trusted for 160 square rods of land. Why are you always asking me such fool quesions?-Chicago Tribune.

"After reading the advertisements of all the various automobiles on the market it's harder than ever to make a selection, and yet the advertisements hold out one con-What's that?" "No matter which make you select, you may be sure it is the best."—Philadelphia Press.

"Do you think that politics offers a career to the average young man?"
"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum. "It offers a career. But, like everything else in politics, the offer is liable to have a string to it."—Washington Star.

"In England," said the British railroad

president, "we depend largely on the passenger traffic. Your railroads here, I suppose, have a more varied scope."
"Yes," replied the ulsia of izen, "sort of a collide-ascope."—Philadelphia Ledger.

A COOLING POTION.

James Barton Adams in Denver Post. Maud Muller, fresh as a new-blown rose. Stood sprinkling the lawn with the garder

A prettier picture was never seen On the page of a monthly magazine. The breezes toyed with her frizzy curls As if they were fond of pretty girls. The grass of the greensward kissed her feet, For Maud had a pair that was hard to

The silk shirt waist on the little elf Enveloped a bust she had grown herself. No modiste skilled in the padding art In her shapely makeup had played a part. The judge of the district court came 'long In a gaspymobile that smelled real strong. A well fed judge of observing ken Whose form ran largely to abdomer He spied the maiden with eyes as bright As the water she squirted in crystal flight. And he thought of his desolate life. Not A wife on the premises had he got.

He drew up close to the curb and tried A smile, which in parturition died. He raised his hat and the sunlight fell On a head as bald as a sea clam shell.

In rapturous tones his honor cried. "I won 'em 'n a raffic," Maud replied. You have kindled a fire in my heart!" he "A flercer one never a heart assailed! "The flames through my system surge and Till they seem to consume my wealth of

And ere he could start his machine

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